

## Vectors

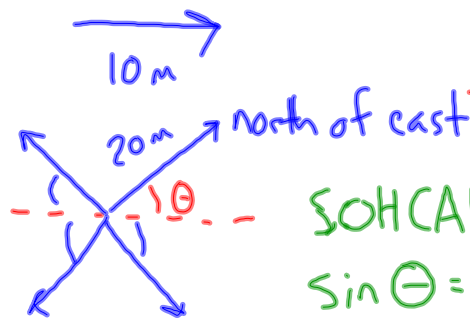
- magnitude
- direction

- Examples:

- force
- velocity
- displacement
- acceleration

- graphically denoted

by an arrow  $\vec{v}$



SOHCAHTOA

$$\sin \theta = \frac{\text{opp.}}{\text{hyp.}} = \frac{V_y}{V}$$

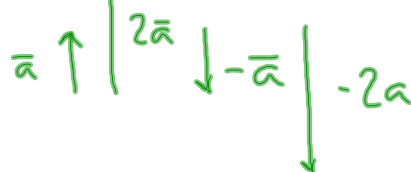
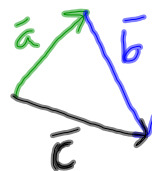
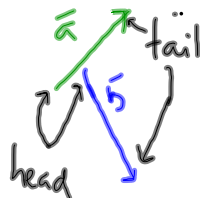
$$\cos \theta = \frac{\text{adj.}}{\text{hyp.}} = \frac{V_x}{V}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{\text{opp.}}{\text{adj.}} = \frac{V_y}{V_x}$$

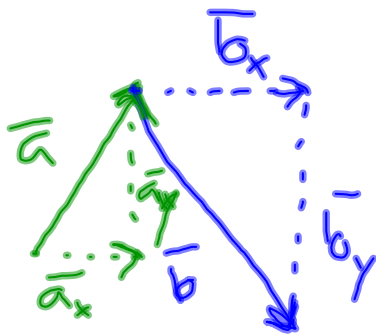
- Ways to add vectors

- Graphically

$$\vec{a} + \vec{b} = \vec{c}$$



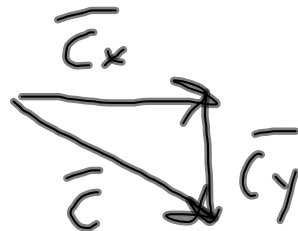
- Algebraically



$$\vec{a} + \vec{b} = \vec{c}$$

$$\vec{a}_x + \vec{b}_x = \vec{c}_x$$

$$\vec{a}_y + \vec{b}_y = \vec{c}_y$$



- Writing vectors

$\langle x\text{-component}, y\text{-comp.} \rangle$

$\langle 3, 5 \rangle$

